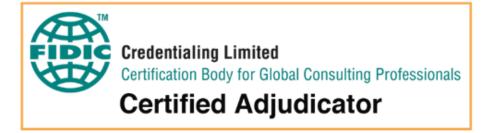
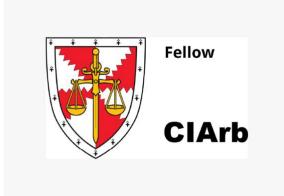
Sean Sullivan Gibbs

22.11.2022









'Dispute Avoidance & Dispute Resolution'



EXPERT WITNESS & EXPERT ADVISORY

Construction | Engineering | Shipbuilding

Quantum
Delay
Technical

info@hanscombintercontinental.co.uk www.hanscombintercontinental.co.uk

Sean Sullivan Gibbs

BSc, PG DIP ARB, DIP ADJ, LLB (Hons), LLM, Barrister

Chartered Quantity Surveyor, Adjudicator, Arbitrator, Dispute Board Member, Quantum Expert & Expert Determiner

- CEO Hanscomb Intercontinental Ltd.
- Called to the Bar of England by the Middle Temple July 2017
- Fellow of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors
- Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Building
- Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators
- Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Civil Engineering Surveyors
- Fellow of the Institute of Civil Engineers
- Cardiff University Bond Solon / Academy of Experts accredited expert witness
- FIDIC President's List Adjudicator









MULTI-DISCIPLINARY EXPERTS

- ARCHITECTS
- SURVEYORS
- ENGINEERS
- PROJECT MANAGERS
- CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS
- ACCOUNTANTS



EXPERTS APPEAR IN

- LITIGATION
- ARBITRATION
- ADJUDICATION
- DISPUTE BOARD HEARINGS
- MEDIATION / CONCILIATION
- EXPERT DETERMINATION

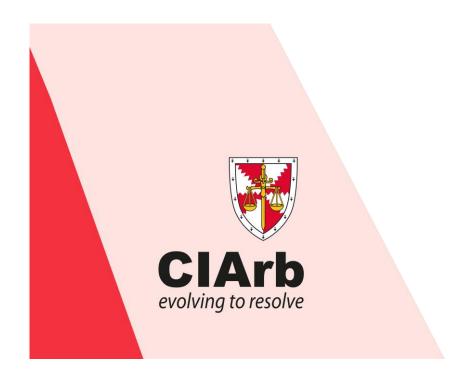


PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

- Society of Construction Law (UK) Council Member
- Future Vice Chair Adjudication Society
- CICES Disputes & Contracts Committee Vice Chair
- Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (CIArb) Western Branch Vice Chair
- Construction Industry Council (CIC) ADR Committee Member
- Dispute Resolution Board Foundation (DRBF) Region 2 Director
- Federation International Consulting Engineers (FIDIC) DB Consultee
- Hong Kong Adjudicators (HKA) Board Director
- UK Adjudicators (UKA) Board Director
- Member of the International Statutory Adjudication Expert Committee
- Consultee on adjudication to governments of Bahamas / Ontario



TRAINER FOR CIARB ADJUDICATION MODULES 1-3



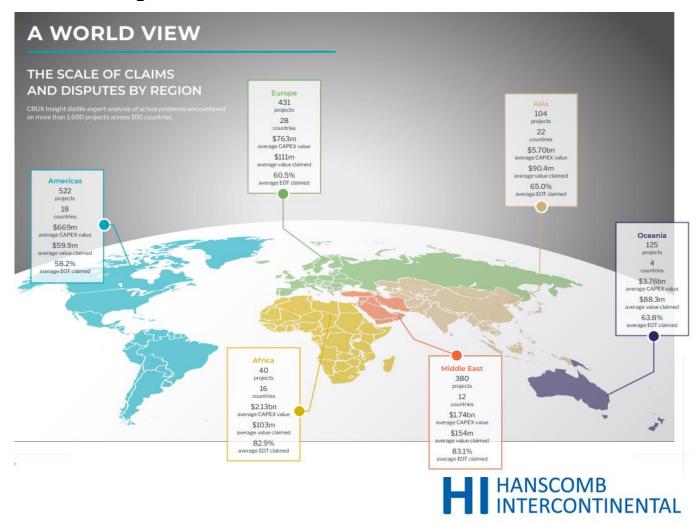


TRAINER FOR DRBF

DRBF Administration & Practice Workshop
DRBF Advanced Administration & Practice Workshop







Asia

104 projects

22 countries

\$5.70bn average CAPEX value

\$90.4m average value claimed

65.0% average EOT claimed



Conflict Avoidance Process (CAP)

July 2020



Conflict Avoidance Pledge

























Guide to Conflict Avoidance & Dispute Resolution for the Construction and Engineering Industry



16 page guide

• Justification for conflict avoidance and early intervention Techniques

Conflict avoidance and dispute resolution processes

- 1. Contract Provisions
- 2. Conflict Avoidance Panels
- 3. Early Neutral Evaluation
- 4.Project Based Dispute Boards (DBs)
- 5. Evaluative Mediation





Conflict Avoidance Toolkit

Prepared by the Conflict Avoidance Coalition Steering Group











6









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Options W1, W2 and W3

W1 and W3 deal with the situation where the United Kingdom Housing Grants Construction and Regeneration Act (the Act) does not apply.

W1 provides for adjudication outside of the Act and like W2 introduces the concept of Senior Representatives

Option W2

W2 applies where adjudication under the Act applies (UK)











Option W1

Multi-tier dispute resolution: Options W1

Amendments to Options W1 require the initial referral of all disputes to the parties' senior representatives specified in the contract data.

Under Option W1 (used where the Construction Act does not apply) this initial referral process is compulsory before you can escalate a dispute further.





Option W1

The new senior representative process that the NEC has tried to walk the line between preventing the process from becoming longwinded and open to abuse, while allowing the parties flexibility to make the process work as they wish.

Each party must submit a statement of case within a week of notification limited to 10 sides of A4 and supporting evidence. On the other hand, the senior representatives can attend as many meetings and use any procedure necessary to resolve the dispute over a period of no more than three weeks.





Option W1

At the end of the process, a list of issues is produced and the project manager and contractor must put any agreed issues into action. The process is also intended to be "without prejudice" and no evidence of either the statement of case or the discussions can be disclosed in subsequent proceedings.

Under both options, the intention is that the senior representatives process should act as the primary dispute resolution process, adjudication as a secondary process and arbitration / litigation as a third and final resolution process.





Option W1

Next stage is to refer dispute to adjudication.

After adjudication dispute can be referred to Tribunal.





Option W3

Is used where the Act does not apply and the parties choose a Dispute Avoidance Board (DAB) rather than adjudication. The DAB procedure must be followed before referring to court or arbitration as appropriate.

The DAB consists of either one or three members. The number of members is stated in the Contract Data Part 1. If there are to be three members, both the Client and the Contractor nominate a specific individual who is named in the Contract Data and the parties jointly chose the third member. There is also provision for dealing with a member not being able to act.





Option W3

The DAB is appointed under the NEC DRSC. The DRSC is relevant to all three W option clauses.

The DAB visit the Site at intervals. The frequency is specified in the Contract Data. The aim is that the DAB inspect the progress of the works and become aware of potential disputes, thereby resolving issues before they become disputes.

A potential dispute is notified to the DAB between two-four weeks after notification to the other party and the Project Manager.





Option W3

The DAB makes recommendations. It visits site and inspects the works and prepares a note of its visit. Unless the parties have resolved the issue by the end of the visit, the DAB provides a recommendation for resolving the issue.

Only if a party is dissatisfied with the recommendation is the dispute referred to either court or arbitration (as appropriate). The dissatisfied party must notify the other party of the matter which it disputes and state that it intends to refer to court or arbitration (as appropriate) within four weeks of notification of the DAB recommendation.





1999 DAB

Dispute Adjudication Board

2017 DAAB
Dispute Avoidance
Adjudication Board





NEC 4 W3

DAB

Dispute Avoidance Board

Recommendation

Tribunal (Court / Arbitral)



FIDIC
DAAB
Informal discussion to Opinion
Binding Decision

ICC Arbitration









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